Name $\qquad$ Show all of your work, including units.

## SHORT ANSWER. Write the word or phrase that best completes each statement or answers the question.

1) Circle the spectator ions in the following reaction and write its net ionic equation below.
2) $\qquad$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \mathrm{Ba}^{+2}(\mathrm{aq})+2 \mathrm{OH}^{-}(\mathrm{aq})+2 \mathrm{Na}+(\mathrm{aq})+\mathrm{CO}_{3}^{-2}(\mathrm{aq})-2 \mathrm{Na}^{+}(\mathrm{aq})+2 \mathrm{OH}^{-}(\mathrm{aq})+ \\
& \mathrm{BaCO}_{3}(\mathrm{~s})
\end{aligned}
$$

2) There are $\qquad$ mol of bromide ions in 0.900 L of a 0.500 M solution of $\mathrm{AlBr}_{3}$.
3) $\qquad$
4) Calculate the concentration (M) of sodium ions in a solution made by diluting 40.0 mL of a
5) $\qquad$ 0.474 M solution of sodium sulfide to a total volume of 300 mL .
6) How many grams of $\mathrm{CaCl}_{2}$ are formed when 15.00 mL of $0.00237 \mathrm{M} \mathrm{Ca}(\mathrm{OH})_{2}$ reacts with excess
7) $\qquad$ $\mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ gas?

$$
2 \mathrm{Ca}(\mathrm{OH})_{2}(\mathrm{aq})+2 \mathrm{Cl}_{2}(\mathrm{~g})-\mathrm{Ca}(\mathrm{OCl})_{2}(\mathrm{aq})+\mathrm{CaCl}_{2}(\mathrm{~s})+2 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(\mathrm{l})
$$

A) 0.0507 g
B) 0.00197 g
5) Which of the compounds $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{4}, \mathrm{Ca}(\mathrm{OH})_{2}, \mathrm{KOH}$, and HI , behave as bases when they are dissolved in water?
A) only HI
B) $\mathrm{Ca}(\mathrm{OH})_{2}$ and KOH
C) $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{4}$ and HI
D) only KOH
6) Identify LiBr.
6)
5) $\qquad$
$\qquad$
A) strong acid
B) weak acid
C) strong electrolyte
D) weak electrolyte
E) nonelectrolyte
7) How many of the following compounds are soluble in water?

A) 3
B) 1
C) 4
D) 2
E) 0
8) The mixing of which pair of reactants will result in a precipitation reaction?
A) $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}(a q)+\mathrm{Hg}_{2}\left(\mathrm{NO}_{3}\right)_{2}(a q)$
B) $\mathrm{HCl}(a q)+\mathrm{Ca}(\mathrm{OH}) 2(a q)$
C) $\mathrm{NaNO}_{3}(a q)+\mathrm{NH}_{4} \mathrm{Cl}(a q)$
D) $\mathrm{CsI}(a q)+\mathrm{NaOH}(a q)$
9) Silver ions can be precipitated from aqueous solutions by the addition of aqueous chloride:

$$
\mathrm{Ag}^{+}(\mathrm{aq})+\mathrm{Cl}^{-}(\mathrm{aq}) \rightarrow \mathrm{AgCl}(\mathrm{~s})
$$

Silver chloride is virtually insoluble in water so that the reaction appears to go to completion. How many grams of solid NaCl must be added to 25.0 mL of $0.366 \mathrm{M} \mathrm{AgNO}_{3}$ solution to completely precipitate the silver?
A) $6.39 \times 10^{3} \mathrm{~g}$
B) 0.535 g
10) If the percent yield for the following reaction is $75.0 \%$, and 45.0 g of $\mathrm{NO}_{2}$ are consumed in the
10) $\qquad$ reaction, how many grams of nitric acid, $\mathrm{HNO}_{3}(\mathrm{aq})$ are produced?

$$
3 \mathrm{NO}_{2}(\mathrm{~g})+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(\mathrm{l}) \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{HNO}_{3}(\mathrm{aq})+\mathrm{NO}(\mathrm{~g})
$$

A) 30.8 g
B) 54.8 g

Answer Key
Testname: QUIZ 4.4-4.6

1) $\mathrm{Na}^{+}$and $\mathrm{OH}^{-}$
2) 1.35
3) 0.126
4) $B$
5) $B$
6) C
7) $A$
8) $A$
9) B
10) A
